

ONVIF™
Thermal Service Specification

Version 17.06
June, 2017



© 2008-2017 by ONVIF: Open Network Video Interface Forum Inc. All rights reserved.

Recipients of this document may copy, distribute, publish, or display this document so long as this copyright notice, license and disclaimer are retained with all copies of the document. No license is granted to modify this document.

THIS DOCUMENT IS PROVIDED "AS IS," AND THE CORPORATION AND ITS MEMBERS AND THEIR AFFILIATES, MAKE NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, NON-INFRINGEMENT, OR TITLE; THAT THE CONTENTS OF THIS DOCUMENT ARE SUITABLE FOR ANY PURPOSE; OR THAT THE IMPLEMENTATION OF SUCH CONTENTS WILL NOT INFRINGE ANY PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, TRADEMARKS OR OTHER RIGHTS.

IN NO EVENT WILL THE CORPORATION OR ITS MEMBERS OR THEIR AFFILIATES BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, PUNITIVE OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO ANY USE OR DISTRIBUTION OF THIS DOCUMENT, WHETHER OR NOT (1) THE CORPORATION, MEMBERS OR THEIR AFFILIATES HAVE BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES, OR (2) SUCH DAMAGES WERE REASONABLY FORESEEABLE, AND ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO ANY USE OR DISTRIBUTION OF THIS DOCUMENT. THE FOREGOING DISCLAIMER AND LIMITATION ON LIABILITY DO NOT APPLY TO, INVALIDATE, OR LIMIT REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES MADE BY THE MEMBERS AND THEIR RESPECTIVE AFFILIATES TO THE CORPORATION AND OTHER MEMBERS IN CERTAIN WRITTEN POLICIES OF THE CORPORATION.

CONTENTS

1 Scope	4
2 Normative references	4
3 Terms and Definitions	4
3.1 Definitions.....	4
4 Overview	4
5 Service	5
5.1 Thermal Configuration.....	5
5.1.1 Get Configuration.....	6
5.1.2 Set Configuration	8
5.1.3 Get Configuration Options	9
5.1.4 Get Configurations.....	9
5.1.5 Get Radiometry Configuration	10
5.1.6 Set Radiometry Configuration.....	11
5.1.7 Get Radiometry Configuration Options.....	12
5.1.8 Capabilities	13
5.2 Service specific data types.....	13
5.2.1 ThermalPolarity.....	13
5.2.2 ColorPaletteType	13
5.2.3 ColorPalette	14
5.2.4 NUCTable	14
5.2.5 Cooler	15
5.2.6 CoolerOptions	17
5.2.7 Configuration.....	17
5.2.8 ConfigurationOptions	18
5.2.9 Configurations.....	19
5.2.10 RadiometryGlobalParameters	19
5.2.11 RadiometryGlobalParameterOptions	21
5.2.12 RadiometryConfiguration.....	22
5.2.13 RadiometryConfigurationOptions	23
5.3 Events	23
5.3.1 Radiometry Alarms	24
Annex A. Revision History	25

1 Scope

2 Normative references

ONVIF Core Specification

<<http://www.onvif.org/onvif/specs/core/ONVIF-Core-Specification.pdf>>

3 Terms and Definitions

3.1 Definitions

Thermal Imaging

Thermal imaging devices are capable of producing a VideoSource based on thermal differences between objects in the scene.

Color Palette

Thermal images can be mapped to the visible spectrum for display using different Look Up Tables, also called Color Palettes. These look up tables are used to map each pixel in the original grayscale, temperature based image from a Thermal Imager, using different color maps (e.g. Iron, Sepia, Rainbow).

NUC Table

A NUC, or Non-Uniformity Correction Table is a table of values used by Thermal Imagers to produce a uniform image, calibrating imperfections of the thermal detector (different responses to temperature from each pixel in the sensor array) and lens optical path. Thermal cameras can offer the possibility to use different NUC Tables for each ambient temperature range, optimizing sensitivity and range.

Polarity

The grayscale image coming from a Thermal Imaging Device can be interpreted from mapping its histogram in one direction or the other, resulting in “Black Hot” or “White Hot” polarity images. When using Black Hot polarity black pixels represent hot objects, while as white pixels represent cold objects.

Cooler

In order to increase their sensitivity (and range), the detector of some Thermal Imaging Devices is refrigerated. This is done by a component of the device called cryo cooler, or cooler, which is a mechanical pump requiring maintenance. In order to facilitate predictive maintenance, based on the MTBF of the thermal manufacturer, the hours of operation of the camera/cooler are usually monitored, and the cooler can be disabled in some cameras when the thermal device is not in use.

Radiometry

Some thermal devices are calibrated in the factory and sold as radiometric cameras. These can provide absolute temperature readings for objects in the scene. Measurement items such as Spots and Boxes are used to define measurement areas.

4 Overview

The thermal (imaging) service provides configuration and control data for specific properties of thermal imaging devices. WSDL is part of the framework and provided in the Thermal WSDL file.

The service includes the following operations:

- Get and set imaging parameters (e.g. Polarity).
- Get thermal imaging configuration options (valid ranges for imaging parameters).
- Get Cooler status and runtime information from cooled thermal devices.

Common Imaging Settings of Thermal and Visible Video Sources, such as Brightness or Contrast, or Lens Focus operations, remain in the Imaging Service.

WSDL for this service is specified in <http://www.onvif.org/ver10/thermal/wsdl/thermal.wsdl>.

Table 1: Referenced namespaces (with prefix)

Prefix	Namespace URI
env	http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope
ter	http://www.onvif.org/ver10/error
xs	http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema
tt	http://www.onvif.org/ver10/schema
tth	http://www.onvif.org/ver10/thermal/wsdl
tns1	http://www.onvif.org/ver10/topics

5 Service

The thermal service provides operations used to control and configure imaging properties on a thermal imaging device. A device that has one or more video sources should support the imaging service as defined in [ONVIF Imaging WSDL]. In the same way the imaging settings are part of the VideoSource entity, the thermal imaging settings represent an extension of these, to cover thermal specific settings which are exclusive of thermal video sources. Imaging parameters affect any video source (visible or thermal), while as thermal imaging parameters affect thermal video sources specifically. Common parameters to both visible and thermal video sources remain as shared settings under the imaging service.

5.1 Thermal Configuration

The thermal service provides operations to get or set thermal imaging parameters and the valid ranges for those parameters. Most parameters are common to all thermal video sources, with the exception of the Cooler Options, which are specific of thermal imaging devices which contain this kind of component. The following settings are available through the thermal imaging service operations:

Color Palette: Indicates the color map currently used to represent temperatures in each pixel.

Polarity: Adjusts the image polarity to represent hot or cold objects in the high or low end of the histogram:

- White Hot: Represents hot objects on the high end of the histogram
- Black Hot: Represents cold objects on the high end of the histogram

NUC Table: Indicates the Non Uniformity Correction Table currently loaded among the ones available in the thermal device. NUC Tables are used to compensate for non-uniformity artifacts that will show on the image as a result of the difference in the response of the sensor elements to ambient temperature. A thermal imaging device will normally be calibrated at the factory and loaded with two or three different NUC Tables to be used in different temperature ranges. This parameter indicates which of these NUC Tables is in use by the device.

Cooler: For better sensitivity (range) performance, some thermal devices include a cooler. This mechanical component cools down the thermal detector, in order to improve its sensitivity to temperature differences, with a positive impact in range. Coolers are a mechanical component with a limited MTBF (usually 8.000-10.000 hours). Therefore most

cooled thermal imaging devices offer settings to disable the cooler while the imager is not in use, and an indication of the runtime so that predictive maintenance can be scheduled.

Other settings of a thermal VideoSource which are common with visible VideoSources, such as Contrast, Brightness, Focus, Image Stabilization, etc, can be managed using the Imaging Service. The Thermal Service just complements these with thermal specific parameters, which are only applicable to thermal VideoSources.

The available imaging settings can be retrieved through the GetVideoSources command, part of the media service, as specified in the ONVIF Media Service Specification. The thermal imaging settings apply to those video sources that use thermal technology.

The thermal service also provides operations to get or set Radiometry parameters and the valid ranges for these parameters for those devices with the Radiometry capability. These parameters shall apply to all the Radiometry elements in the different configurations of the Video Analytics Service for the thermal device. The following Radiometry settings are available through the thermal imaging service operations:

Radiometry Global Parameters: Holds default values that will be used in measurement modules when local parameters are not specified for the module. These parameters are still required for valid temperature calculations, but using these default values simplifies creation of the Analytics Modules and also offers global value functionality for those parameters that could be common to all the measurement modules of a thermal device:

- ReflectedAmbientTemperature: Reflected Ambient Temperature for the environment in which the thermal device and the object being measured is located.
- Emissivity: Emissivity of the surface of the object on which temperature is being measured.
- DistanceToObject: Distance from the thermal device to the measured object.
- RelativeHumidity: Relative Humidity in the environment in which the measurement is located.
- AtmosphericTemperature: Temperature of the atmosphere between the thermal device and the object being measured.
- AtmosphericTransmittance: Transmittance value for the atmosphere between the thermal device and the object being measured.
- ExtOpticsTemperature: Temperature of the optics elements between the thermal device and the object being measured.
- ExtOpticsTransmittance: Transmittance value for the optics elements between the thermal device and the object being measured.

5.1.1 Get Configuration

This operation requests the thermal imaging settings for a thermal video source on the device. A device implementing the thermal service shall support this command.

If the thermal Video Source supports any of the settings as defined by the Configuration type in the [ONVIF Thermal WSDL], then it shall be possible to retrieve the imaging settings from the device through the GetConfiguration command.

The thermal configuration parameters are described in Section 5.2.

Table 2: GetConfiguration command

GetConfiguration		Access Class: READ_MEDIA
Message name	Description	
GetConfigurationRequest	<p><i>This message contains a reference to the VideoSource for which the Configuration shall be requested.</i></p> <p>tt:ReferenceToken VideoSourceToken[1][1]</p>	
GetConfigurationResponse	<p><i>This message contains the Configuration for the VideoSource that was requested</i></p> <p>tth:Configuration Configuration [1][1]</p>	
Fault codes	Description	
env:Sender ter:InvalidArgVal ter:NoSource	<i>The requested VideoSource does not exist.</i>	
env:Receiver ter:ActionNotSupported ter:NoThermalForSource	<i>The requested VideoSource does not support thermal config settings.</i>	

5.1.2 Set Configuration

This operation sets the thermal configuration for a thermal video source on a device. A device implementing the thermal service shall support this command.

If the device supports any of the thermal configuration as defined by the Configuration type in [ONVIF Thermal WSDL], then it shall be possible to configure these parameters in the device through the SetConfiguration command.

The possible configurable thermal configuration parameters are described in Section 5.2. Configuration options are obtained through the command defined in Section 5.1.3

Table 3: SetConfiguration command

SetConfigurationSettings		Access Class: ACTUATE
Message name	Description	
SetConfigurationRequest	<p><i>This message shall contain a reference to the VideoSource and to the Configuration that shall be set.</i></p> <p>tt:ReferenceToken VideoSourceToken[1][1] tth:Configuration Configuration [1][1]</p>	
SetConfigurationResponse	<p><i>This message contains no response.</i></p>	
Fault codes	Description	
env:Sender ter:InvalidArgVal ter>NoSource	<p><i>The requested VideoSource does not exist.</i></p>	
env:Receiver ter:ActionNotSupported ter>NoThermalForSource	<p><i>The requested VideoSource does not support thermal configuration.</i></p>	
env:Sender ter:InvalidArgVal ter:InvalidConfiguration	<p><i>The requested configuration is incorrect.</i></p>	

5.1.3 Get Configuration Options

This operation gets the valid ranges for the thermal configuration parameters that have device specific ranges. A device implementing the thermal service shall support this command. The command shall return all supported parameters and their ranges such that these can be applied to the SetConfigurationSettings command.

Table 4: GetConfigurationOptions command

GetConfigurationOptions		Access Class: READ_MEDIA
Message name	Description	
GetConfigurationOptionsRequest	<p><i>Reference to the VideoSource for which the thermal configuration parameter options are requested.</i></p> <p>tt:ReferenceToken VideoSourceToken[1][1]</p>	
GetConfigurationOptionsResponse	<p><i>This message shall contain the valid ranges for the thermal configuration parameters that are categorized as device specific.</i></p> <p>tth:ConfigurationOptions ConfigurationOptions[1][1]</p>	
Fault codes	Description	
env:Sender ter:InvalidArgValue ter>NoSource	<p><i>The requested VideoSource does not exist.</i></p>	
env:Receiver ter:ActionNotSupported ter>NoThermalForSource	<p><i>The requested VideoSource does not support thermal settings.</i></p>	

5.1.4 Get Configurations

This operation requests the thermal imaging settings for all thermal video sources on the device. A device implementing the thermal service shall support this command.

If a Video Source supports any of the settings as defined by the Configuration type in the [ONVIF Thermal WSDL], then it shall be possible to retrieve the imaging settings for it through the GetConfigurations command.

The thermal configuration parameters are described in Section 5.2.

Table 5: GetConfigurations command

GetConfigurations		Access Class: READ_MEDIA
Message name	Description	
GetConfigurationsRequest	<i>This message contains no content.</i>	
GetConfigurationsResponse	<p><i>This message contains a list with the Configuration for each thermal VideoSource in the Device, and its VideoSourceToken.</i></p> <p>tth:Configurations Configurations [0][unbounded]</p>	
Fault codes	Description	

Env:Receiver
ter:ActionNotSupported
ter:NoSuchService

The Device does not support Thermal Service.

5.1.5 Get Radiometry Configuration

This operation requests the global radiometry settings for a thermal video source on the device. A device implementing the thermal service and offering the Radiometry capability shall support this command.

If the thermal Video Source supports any of the Radiometry settings as defined by the RadiometryConfiguration type in the [ONVIF Thermal WSDL], then it shall be possible to retrieve the radiometry settings from the device through the GetRadiometryConfiguration command.

The radiometry configuration parameters are described in Section 5.2.

Table 6: GetRadiometryConfiguration command

GetRadiometryConfiguration		Access Class: READ_MEDIA
Message name	Description	
GetRadiometryConfigurationRequest	<p><i>This message contains a reference to the VideoSource for which the RadiometryConfiguration shall be requested.</i></p> <p>tt:ReferenceToken VideoSourceToken[1][1]</p>	
GetRadiometryConfigurationResponse	<p><i>This message contains the RadiometryConfiguration for the VideoSource that was requested</i></p> <p>tth:RadiometryConfiguration Configuration [1][1]</p>	
Fault codes	Description	
env:Sender ter:InvalidArgVal ter:NoSource	<p><i>The requested VideoSource does not exist.</i></p>	
Env:Receiver ter:ActionNotSupported ter:NoRadiometryForSource	<p><i>The requested VideoSource does not support radiometry config settings.</i></p>	

5.1.6 Set Radiometry Configuration

This operation sets the radiometry configuration for a thermal video source on a device. A device implementing the thermal service and offering the Radiometry capability shall support this command.

If the device supports any of the radiometry configuration as defined by the RadiometryConfiguration type in [ONVIF Thermal WSDL], then it shall be possible to configure these parameters in the device through the SetRadiometryConfiguration command.

The possible configurable radiometry configuration parameters are described in Section 5.2. Radiometry Configuration options are obtained through the command defined in Section 5.1.7.

Table 7: SetRadiometryConfiguration command

SetRadiometryConfigurationSettings		Access Class: ACTUATE
Message name	Description	
SetRadiometryConfigurationRequest	<p><i>This message shall contain a reference to the VideoSource and to the RadiometryConfiguration that shall be set.</i></p> <p>tt:ReferenceToken VideoSourceToken[1][1] tth:RadiometryConfiguration Configuration [1][1]</p>	
SetRadiometryConfigurationResponse	<p><i>This message contains no response.</i></p>	
Fault codes	Description	
env:Sender ter:InvalidArgVal ter>NoSource	<p><i>The requested VideoSource does not exist.</i></p>	
Env:Receiver ter:ActionNotSupported ter>NoRadiometryForSource	<p><i>The requested VideoSource does not support radiometry configuration.</i></p>	
Env:Sender ter:InvalidArgVal ter:InvalidConfiguration	<p><i>The requested radiometry configuration is incorrect.</i></p>	

5.1.7 Get Radiometry Configuration Options

This operation gets the valid ranges for the radiometry configuration parameters that have device specific ranges. A device implementing the thermal service and offering the Radiometry capability shall support this command. The command shall return all supported parameters and their ranges such that these can be applied to the SetRadiometryConfiguration command.

Table 8: GetRadiometryConfigurationOptions command

GetRadiometryConfigurationOptions		Access Class: READ_MEDIA
Message name	Description	
GetRadiometryConfigurationOptions Request	<p><i>Reference to the VideoSource for which the radiometry configuration parameter options are requested.</i></p> <p>tt:ReferenceToken VideoSourceToken[1][1]</p>	
GetRadiometryConfigurationOptions Response	<p><i>This message shall contain the valid ranges for the radiometry configuration parameters that are categorized as device specific.</i></p> <p>tth:RadiometryConfigurationOptions ConfigurationOptions[1][1]</p>	
Fault codes	Description	
env:Sender ter:InvalidArgVal ter>NoSource	<p><i>The requested VideoSource does not exist.</i></p>	
Env:Receiver ter:ActionNotSupported ter>NoRadiometryForSource	<p><i>The requested VideoSource does not support radiometry settings.</i></p>	

5.1.8 Capabilities

The capabilities reflect optional functions and functionality of a service. The information is static and does not change during device operation. The following capabilities are available:

Radiometry: Indicates support for radiometric thermal measurements and alarms.

Table 9: GetServiceCapabilities command

GetServiceCapabilities		Access Class: PRE_AUTH
Message name	Description	
GetServiceCapabilitiesRequest	<i>This is an empty message.</i>	
GetServiceCapabilitiesResponse	<i>The capability response message contains the requested service capabilities using a hierarchical XML capability structure.</i> tth: Capabilities Capabilities [1][1]	
Fault codes	Description	
	<i>No command specific faults!</i>	

5.2 Service specific data types

5.2.1 ThermalPolarity

```
<xs:simpleType name="ThermalPolarity">
  <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
    <xs:enumeration value="WhiteHot"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="BlackHot"/>
  </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
```

5.2.2 ColorPaletteType

```
<xs:simpleType name="ColorPaletteType">
  <xs:annotation>
    <xs:documentation>Describes standard Color Palette types, used to facilitate multi-language support and client display.
    "Custom" Type shall be used when Color Palette Name does not match any of the types included in the standard classification.
    </xs:documentation>
  </xs:annotation>
  <xs:restriction base="xs:string">
    <xs:enumeration value="Custom"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="Grayscale"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="BlackHot"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="WhiteHot"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="Sepia"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="Red"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="Iron"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="Rain"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="Rainbow"/>
    <xs:enumeration value="Isotherm"/>
  </xs:restriction>
```

```
</xs:simpleType>
```

- "Custom" Type shall be used when Color Palette Name does not match any of the types included in the standard classification.

5.2.3 ColorPalette

```
<xs:complexType name="ColorPalette">
    <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>Describes a Color Palette element.</xs:documentation>
    </xs:annotation>
    <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="Name" type="tt:Name">
            <xs:annotation>
                <xs:documentation>
                    User readable Color Palette name.
                </xs:documentation>
            </xs:annotation>
        </xs:element>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:attribute name="token" type="tt:ReferenceToken" use="required">
        <xs:annotation>
            <xs:documentation>Unique identifier of this Color Palette.</xs:documentation>
        </xs:annotation>
    </xs:attribute>
    <xs:attribute name="Type" type="xs:String" use="required">
        <xs:annotation>
            <xs:documentation>Indicates Color Palette Type. Use tth:ColorPaletteType.  

                Used for multi-language support and display.</xs:documentation>
        </xs:annotation>
    </xs:attribute>
    <xs:anyAttribute processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>
```

- **Name**
Name of the color palette
- **token**
Reference Token for the Color Palette in the list of LUTs supported by the Video Source.
- **Type**
Indicates Color Palette Type. Uses "tth:ColorPaletteType". Used for Multi-language support and display.

5.2.4 NUCTable

```
<xs:complexType name="NUCTable">
    <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation> Type describing a NUC Table element.</xs:documentation>
    </xs:annotation>
    <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="Name" type="tt:Name">
            <xs:annotation>
                <xs:documentation>
                    User readable name for the Non-Uniformity Correction (NUC) Table.
                </xs:documentation>
            </xs:annotation>
        </xs:element>
    </xs:sequence>
```

```

</xs:sequence>
<xs:attribute name="token" type="tt:ReferenceToken" use="required">
    <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>Unique identifier of this NUC
Table.</xs:documentation>
    </xs:annotation>
</xs:attribute>
<xs:attribute name="LowTemperature" type="xs:float">
    <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>Low Temperature limit for application
of NUC Table, in Kelvin. Read-only.</xs:documentation>
    </xs:annotation>
</xs:attribute>
<xs:attribute name="HighTemperature" type="xs:float">
    <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>High Temperature limit for application
of NUC Table, in Kelvin. Read-only.</xs:documentation>
    </xs:annotation>
</xs:attribute>
<xs:anyAttribute processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

```

- **Name**
Name of the NUC Table.
- **token**
Reference Token for the NUC Table in the list of NUCs supported by the video source.
- **LowTemperature**
Low Temperature limit for application of NUC Table, in Kelvin. This parameter is Read-Only.
- **HighTemperature**
High Temperature limit for application of NUC Table, in Kelvin. This parameter is Read-Only.

5.2.5 Cooler

```

<xs:complexType name="Cooler">
    <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>Type describing the Cooler
settings.</xs:documentation>
    </xs:annotation>
    <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="Enabled" type="xs:boolean">
            <xs:annotation>
                <xs:documentation>
                    Indicates whether the Cooler is enabled
(running) or not.
                </xs:documentation>
            </xs:annotation>
        </xs:element>
        <xs:element name="RunTime" type="xs:float" minOccurs="0">
            <xs:annotation>
                <xs:documentation>
                    Number of hours the Cooler has been running
(unit: hours). Read-only.
                </xs:documentation>
            </xs:annotation>
        </xs:element>
    </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>

```

- **Enabled**
Operational status of the cooler (running or stopped).

- **RunTime**

Number of hours the cooler has been running. This parameter is Read-Only.

5.2.6 CoolerOptions

```
<xs:complexType name="CoolerOptions">
    <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>Describes valid ranges for the thermal device
        cooler settings.
        Only applicable to cooled thermal devices. </xs:documentation>
    </xs:annotation>
    <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="Enabled" type="xs:boolean" minOccurs="0">
            <xs:annotation>
                <xs:documentation>
                    Indicates the Device allows cooler status to
                    be changed from running (Enabled) to stopped (Disabled), and
                    viceversa.
                </xs:documentation>
            </xs:annotation>
        </xs:element>
    </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
```

- **Enabled**

Indicates the Device allows cooler status to be changed from running (Enabled) to stopped (Disabled), and viceversa.

5.2.7 Configuration

```
<xs:complexType name="Configuration">
    <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="ColorPalette" type="tth:ColorPalette">
            <xs:annotation>
                <xs:documentation>
                    Current Color Palette in use by the Thermal Device.
                </xs:documentation>
            </xs:annotation>
        </xs:element>
        <xs:element name="Polarity" type="tth:ThermalPolarity">
            <xs:annotation>
                <xs:documentation>
                    Polarity configuration of the Thermal Device.
                </xs:documentation>
            </xs:annotation>
        </xs:element>
        <xs:element name="NUCTable" type="tth:NUCTable" minOccurs="0">
            <xs:annotation>
                <xs:documentation>
                    Current Non-Uniformity Correction (NUC) Table in use by
                    the Thermal Device.
                </xs:documentation>
            </xs:annotation>
        </xs:element>
        <xs:element name="Cooler" type="tth:Cooler" minOccurs="0">
            <xs:annotation>
                <xs:documentation>
                    Cooler settings of the Thermal Device.
                </xs:documentation>
            </xs:annotation>
        </xs:element>
        <xs:any namespace="##any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0"
               maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>
```

- **ColorPalette**
Color palette, reference token and name.
- **Polarity**
Polarity mode.
- **NUCTable**
Selected NUC Table, reference token and name.
- **Cooler**
Cooler running status and runtime.

5.2.8 ConfigurationOptions

```

<xs:complexType name="ConfigurationOptions">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="ColorPalette" type="tth:ColorPalette"
      maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>
          List of Color Palettes available for the requested
          Thermal VideoSource.
        </xs:documentation>
      </xs:annotation>
    </xs:element>
    <xs:element name="NUCTable" type="tth:NUCTable" minOccurs="0"
      maxOccurs="unbounded">
      <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>
          List of Non-Uniformity Correction (NUC) Tables available
          for the requested Thermal VideoSource.
        </xs:documentation>
      </xs:annotation>
    </xs:element>
    <xs:element name="CoolerOptions" type="tth:CoolerOptions"
      minOccurs="0">
      <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>
          Specifies Cooler Options for cooled thermal devices.
        </xs:documentation>
      </xs:annotation>
    </xs:element>
    <xs:any namespace="##any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0"
      maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:anyAttribute processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

```

- **ColorPalette**
List of possible color palettes supported by the device. Standard Color Palette types are provided to facilitate Multi-language support and client display. "Custom" Type shall be used when Color Palette Name does not match any of the types included in the standard classification.
- **NUCTable**
List of Non-uniformity Correction tables supported by the device.
- **CoolerOptions**
Cooler options available for the cooled thermal device.

5.2.9 Configurations

```
<xs:complexType name="Configurations">
    <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="Configuration" type="tth:Configuration">
            <xs:annotation>
                <xs:documentation>
                    Current Thermal Settings for the VideoSource.
                </xs:documentation>
            </xs:annotation>
        </xs:element>
        <xs:any namespace="#any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0"
            maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:attribute name="token" type="tt:ReferenceToken" use="required">
        <xs:annotation>
            <xs:documentation>
                Reference token to the thermal VideoSource.
            </xs:documentation>
        </xs:annotation>
    </xs:attribute>
    <xs:anyAttribute processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>
```

- **Configuration**
Current Thermal Settings for the associated VideoSource.
- **VideoSourceToken**
Reference token to the thermal VideoSource.

5.2.10 RadiometryGlobalParameters

```
<xs:complexType name="RadiometryGlobalParameters">
    <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>
            Holds default values that will be used in measurement modules
            when local parameters are not specified for the module (these
            are still required for valid temperature calculations).
            Having ReflectedAmbientTemperature, Emissivity and
            DistanceToObject as mandatory ensures minimum parameters are
            available to obtain valid temperature values.
        </xs:documentation>
    </xs:annotation>
    <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="ReflectedAmbientTemperature" type="xs:float">
            <xs:annotation>
                <xs:documentation>
                    Reflected Ambient Temperature for the environment
                    in which the thermal device and the object being measured is
                    located.
                </xs:documentation>
            </xs:annotation>
        </xs:element>
        <xs:element name="Emissivity" type="xs:float">
            <xs:annotation>
                <xs:documentation>
                    Emissivity of the surface of the object on which
                    temperature is being measured.
                </xs:documentation>
            </xs:annotation>
        </xs:element>
    </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
```

```
<xs:element name="DistanceToObject" type="xs:float">
    <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>
            Distance from the thermal device to the measured
            object.
        </xs:documentation>
    </xs:annotation>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="RelativeHumidity" type="xs:float" minOccurs="0">
    <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>
            Relative Humidity in the environment in which the
            measurement is located.
        </xs:documentation>
    </xs:annotation>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="AtmosphericTemperature" type="xs:float"
    minOccurs="0">
    <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>
            Temperature of the atmosphere between the thermal
            device and the object being measured.
        </xs:documentation>
    </xs:annotation>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="AtmosphericTransmittance" type="xs:float"
    minOccurs="0">
    <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>
            Transmittance value for the atmosphere between the
            thermal device and the object being measured.
        </xs:documentation>
    </xs:annotation>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="ExtOpticsTemperature" type="xs:float" minOccurs="0">
    <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>
            Temperature of the optics elements between the
            thermal device and the object being measured.
        </xs:documentation>
    </xs:annotation>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="ExtOpticsTransmittance" type="xs:float"
    minOccurs="0">
    <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>
            Transmittance value for the optics elements between
            the thermal device and the object being measured.
        </xs:documentation>
    </xs:annotation>
</xs:element>
<xs:any namespace="#any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0"
    maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
</xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>>
```

- **ReflectedAmbientTemperature**

Reflected Ambient Temperature for the environment in which the thermal device and the object being measured is located.

- **Emissivity**

Emissivity of the surface of the object on which temperature is being measured.

- **DistanceToObject**
Distance from the thermal device to the measured object.
- **RelativeHumidity**
Relative Humidity in the environment in which the measurement is located.
- **AtmosphericTemperature**
Temperature of the atmosphere between the thermal device and the object being measured.
- **AtmosphericTransmittance**
Transmittance value for the atmosphere between the thermal device and the object being measured.
- **ExtOpticsTemperature**
Temperature of the optics elements between the thermal device and the object being measured.
- **ExtOpticsTransmittance**
Transmittance value for the optics elements between the thermal device and the object being measured.

5.2.11 RadiometryGlobalParameterOptions

```
<xs:complexType name="RadiometryGlobalParameterOptions">
  <xs:annotation>
    <xs:documentation>
      Describes valid ranges for the different radiometry parameters
      required for accurate temperature calculation.
    </xs:documentation>
  </xs:annotation>
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="ReflectedAmbientTemperature"
      type="tt:FloatRange">
      <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>Valid range of temperature values,
        in Kelvin.</xs:documentation>
      </xs:annotation>
    </xs:element>
    <xs:element name="Emissivity" type="tt:FloatRange">
      <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>Valid range of emissivity values
        for the objects to measure.</xs:documentation>
      </xs:annotation>
    </xs:element>
    <xs:element name="DistanceToObject" type="tt:FloatRange">
      <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>Valid range of distance between
        camera and object for a valid temperature reading, in
        meters.</xs:documentation>
      </xs:annotation>
    </xs:element>
    <xs:element name="RelativeHumidity" type="tt:FloatRange"
      minOccurs="0">
      <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>Valid range of relative humidity
        values, in percentage.</xs:documentation>
      </xs:annotation>
    </xs:element>
    <xs:element name="AtmosphericTemperature" type="tt:FloatRange"
      minOccurs="0">
```

```

        <xs:annotation>
            <xs:documentation>Valid range of temperature values,
            in Kelvin.</xs:documentation>
        </xs:annotation>
    </xs:element>
    <xs:element name="AtmosphericTransmittance"
    type="tt:FloatRange" minOccurs="0">
        <xs:annotation>
            <xs:documentation>Valid range of atmospheric
            transmittance values.</xs:documentation>
        </xs:annotation>
    </xs:element>
    <xs:element name="ExtOpticsTemperature" type="tt:FloatRange"
    minOccurs="0">
        <xs:annotation>
            <xs:documentation>Valid range of temperature values,
            in Kelvin.</xs:documentation>
        </xs:annotation>
    </xs:element>
    <xs:element name="ExtOpticsTransmittance" type="tt:FloatRange"
    minOccurs="0">
        <xs:annotation>
            <xs:documentation>Valid range of external optics
            transmittance.</xs:documentation>
        </xs:annotation>
    </xs:element>
    <xs:any namespace="#any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0"
    maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
</xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>

```

5.2.12 RadiometryConfiguration

```

<xs:complexType name="RadiometryConfiguration">
    <xs:sequence>
        <xs:element name="RadiometryGlobalParameters"
        type="tth:RadiometryGlobalParameters" minOccurs="0">
            <xs:annotation>
                <xs:documentation>
                    Global Parameters for Radiometry Measurements. Shall
                    exist if Radiometry Capability is reported,
                    and Global Parameters are supported by the device.
                </xs:documentation>
            </xs:annotation>
        </xs:element>
        <xs:any namespace="#any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0"
        maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:anyAttribute processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>

```

- **RadiometryConfiguration**

Global Parameters for Radiometry Measurements. Shall exist if Radiometry Capability is reported, and Global Parameters are supported by the device.

5.2.13 RadiometryConfigurationOptions

```
<xs:complexType name="RadiometryConfigurationOptions">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element name="RadiometryGlobalParameterOptions"
      type="tth:RadiometryGlobalParameterOptions" minOccurs="0">
      <xs:annotation>
        <xs:documentation>
          Specifies valid ranges and options for the global
          radiometry parameters used as default parameter values
          for temperature measurement modules (spots and boxes).
        </xs:documentation>
      </xs:annotation>
    </xs:element>
    <xs:any namespace="#any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0"
      maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
  </xs:sequence>
  <xs:anyAttribute processContents="lax"/>
</xs:complexType>
```

5.3 Events

The Message structure of these events is given by the following Message Description:

```
<tt:MessageDescription IsProperty="true">
  <tt:Source>
    <tt:SimpleItemDescription Name="Source" Type="tt:ReferenceToken" />
  </tt:Source>
  <tt:Data>
    <tt:SimpleItemDescription Name="State" Type="xs:boolean" />
  </tt:Data>
</tt:MessageDescription>
```

The SourceToken points to the source the image is coming from. This is in case of the Analytics or Image Service a VideoSource token and in case of the Recording Service the Recording job token.

5.3.1 Radiometry Alarms

When a thermal video source has radiometry capabilities it can measure temperature. If Rules can be created to trigger temperature measurement alarms (e.g by an Analytics Service), it can inform a client using this event. This event is a basic temperature measurement alarm condition event that shall be supported by any thermal imaging devices that support radiometry.

If a device is capable of processing more complex temperature analysis algorithms it can provide additional vendor specific temperature measurement events (e.g. isotherms, temperature trending, temperature readings against ambient temperature comparisons, etc.).

If the device supports radiometry it shall provide at least the following basic event:

Topic: tns1:VideoSource/RadiometryAlarm

```
<tt:MessageDescription IsProperty="true">
  <tt:Source>
    <tt:SimpleItemDescription Name="VideoSource" Type="tt:ReferenceToken"/>
  </tt:Source>
  <tt:Data>
    <tt:SimpleItemDescription Name="State" Type="xs:boolean"/>
  </tt:Data>
</tt:MessageDescription>
```

Annex A. Revision History

Rev.	Date	Editor	Changes
16.06	Jun-2016	Arsenio Vilallonga	Initial version.
17.06	Jun-2017	Hans Busch Hiroyuki Sano Arsenio Vilallonga	Change Request 1843 Change Request 2058, 2115, 2141 Added Radiometry Configuration related API and types