# ONVIF™ Door Control Service Specification

Version 1.01 August 2013



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# 1 Scope

This specification defines the web service interface for interaction with physical doors. This includes but is not limited to controlling them and monitoring their state.

Web service usage and common ONVIF functionality are outside of the scope of this document. Please refer to the ONVIF Core Specification for those details.

#### 2 Normative references

**ONVIF Core Specification** 

<a href="http://www.onvif.org/specs/core/ONVIF-Core-Spec-v220.pdf">http://www.onvif.org/specs/core/ONVIF-Core-Spec-v220.pdf</a>

**ONVIF Access Control Specification** 

< TBD>

#### 3 Terms and Definitions

# 3.1 Definitions

**Credential** A physical/tangible object, a piece of knowledge, or a facet of a person's physical

being, that enables an individual access to a given physical facility or computer-based

information system.

**Credential (Number)** A sequence of bytes uniquely identifying a credential at an access point.

**Door** A physical door, barrier, turnstile, etc which can be controlled remotely and restricts

access between two areas. A door is usually equipped with an electronic lock and a

sensor.

**Door Alarm** An abnormal state of the door where door is forced open or held open beyond the

permitted time duration

**Door Lock** A device that secures a door to prevent access, except when explicitly allowed by the

access control system. Lock types include electromagnet, electric strike, etc.

**Door Mode** Logical state of the door indicating whether the door is locked, unlocked, blocked,

locked down or locked open etc.

**Door Monitor** Also known as a Door Contact Sensor

**Lock** An operation after which a door is locked and alarm is unmasked.

Momentary Access An operation which invokes the same logic as upon normal access being granted to a

credential.

Tamper Detector Mechanism commonly available for doors, access points and controllers to detect

physical tamper

**Unlock** An operation to allow a door to be freely used for passage without any door alarms

being triggered.

#### 3.2 Abbreviations

ACMS Access Control Management System

DCU Door Control Unit

HTTP Hypertext Transfer (or Transport) Protocol

PACS Physical Access Control System

REX Request to exit

TLS Transport Level Security

#### 4 Overview

The door control service provides mechanisms for controlling physical door instances and monitoring their status.

The Door in this specification can refer to such physical objects as an automatic barrier or a door equipped with electric lock. Turnstiles which can restrict access in either direction can be represented with a pair of doors.

The Door is a subclass of a more generic term Entity defined in the ONVIF Access Control Specification.

Please refer to the ONVIF Access Control specification for generic operation guidelines and design principles behind ONVIF PACS services family.

The service includes the following operations:

- Getting list of doors including their capabilities (e.g., supported operations).
- Getting actual state (e.g., open or closed, locked or unlocked, health status).
- Locking and unlocking.
- Blocking door in locked state such that it can't be accessed.
- Holding door in either unlocked (locked open) or locked (locked down) state and releasing the hold.
- Momentary access.
- Double lock (also known as secure lock) for preventing night-time access.

The service also defines a number of events for real-time monitoring:

- Door physical status change (e.g., open or closed).
- Lock physical state change (e.g., locked or unlocked).
- Operation mode change (e.g., blocked, locked down or locked open).
- Alarm (if door was forced open or was open for too long during momentary access).
- Tamper (an attempt to physically damage its components).
- Hardware malfunction.

# 5 Door Control

This service offers commands to retrieve status information and to control Door instances of a device.

Please refer to the ONVIF Access Control specification for generic operation guidelines and design principles behind ONVIF PACS services family.

# 5.1 Service capabilities

An ONVIF compliant device shall provide service capabilities in two ways:

- 1. With the GetServices method of Device service when IncludeCapability is true. Please refer to the ONVIF Core Specification for more details.
- 2. With the GetServiceCapabilities method.

## 5.1.1 Data Structures

## 5.1.1.1 ServiceCapabilities

ServiceCapabilities structure reflects optional functionality of a service. The information is static and does not change during device operation. The following capabilities are available:

#### MaxLimit

The maximum number of entries returned by a single Get<Entity>List or Get<Entity> request. The device shall never return more than this number of entities in a single response.

## 5.1.2 GetServiceCapabilities command

This operation returns the capabilities of the service.

An ONVIF compliant device which provides the Door Control service shall implement this method.

Table 1: GetServiceCapabilities command

GetServiceCapabilities	Access Class: PRE_AUTH		
Message name	Description	Description	
GetServiceCapabilitiesRequest	This message shall be empty.		
GetServiceCapabilitiesResponse	This message contains:  • "Capabilities": The capability response message contains the requested DoorControl service capabilities using a hierarchical XML capability structure.		
	tdc:ServiceCapabiliti (extendable)	ies Capabilities [1][1]	

### 5.2 Door information

## 5.2.1 Data Structures

## 5.2.1.1 DoorInfo

The DoorInfo type represents the Door as a physical object. The structure contains information and capabilities of a specific door instance. An ONVIF compliant device shall provide the following fields for each Door instance:

#### token

A service-unique identifier of the Door.

#### Name

A user readable name. It shall be up to 64 characters.

#### Capabilities

The capabilities of the Door; is of type DoorCapabilities.

To provide more information, the device may include the following optional field:

## Description

A user readable description. It shall be up to 1024 characters.

## 5.2.1.2 DoorCapabilities

DoorCapabilities reflect optional functionality of a particular physical entity. Different door instances may have different set of capabilities. This information may change during device operation, e.g. if hardware settings are changed. The following capabilities are available:

#### Access

Indicates whether or not this Door instance supports AccessDoor command to perform momentary access.

# • AccessTimingOverride

Indicates that this Door instance supports overriding configured timing in the AccessDoor command.

#### Lock

Indicates that this Door instance supports LockDoor command to lock the door.

#### Unlock

Indicates that this Door instance supports UnlockDoor command to unlock the door.

#### Block

Indicates that this Door instance supports BlockDoor command to block the door.

#### DoubleLock

Indicates that this Door instance supports DoubleLockDoor command to lock multiple locks on the door.

## LockDown

Indicates that this Door instance supports LockDown (and LockDownRelease) commands to lock the door and put it in LockedDown mode.

# LockOpen

Indicates that this Door instance supports LockOpen (and LockOpenRelease) commands to unlock the door and put it in LockedOpen mode.

#### DoorMonitor

Indicates that this Door instance has a DoorMonitor and supports the DoorPhysicalState event.

#### LockMonitor

Indicates that this Door instance has a LockMonitor and supports the LockPhysicalState event.

## DoubleLockMonitor

Indicates that this Door instance has a DoubleLockMonitor and supports the DoubleLockPhysicalState event.

#### Alarm

Indicates that this Door instance supports door alarm and the DoorAlarm event.

#### Tamper

Indicates that this Door instance has a Tamper detector and supports the DoorTamper event.

#### Fault

Indicates that this Door instance supports door fault and the DoorFault event.

#### 5.2.2 GetDoorInfoList command

This operation requests a list of all DoorInfo items provided by the device. An ONVIF compliant device that provides Door Control service shall implement this method.

A call to this method shall return a StartReference when not all data is returned and more data is available. The reference shall be valid for retrieving the next set of data. Please refer section 4.8.3 of Access Control Service Specification for more details.

The number of items returned shall not be greater than Limit parameter.

Table 2: GetDoorInfoList command

GetDoorInfoList		Access Class: READ_SYSTEM
Message name	Description	
GetDoorInfoListRequest	This message contains:  "Limit": Maximum number of entries to return. If Limit is omitted or if the value of Limit is higher than what the device supports, then the device shall return its maximum amount of entries.  "StartReference": Start returning entries from this start reference. If not specified, entries shall start from the beginning of the dataset.  xs:int Limit [0][1] xs:string StartReference [0][1]	
GetDoorInfoListResponse  Fault codes	"NextStartReference": StartReference to use in next call to get the following items. If absent, no more items to get.     "DoorInfo": List of DoorInfo items.  xs:string NextStartReference [0][1] tdc:DoorInfo DoorInfo [0][unbounded]  Description	
env:Sender ter:InvalidArgVal ter:InvalidStartReference	StartReference is inv start fetching from th	valid or has timed out. Client needs to be beginning

## 5.2.3 GetDoorInfo command

This operation requests a list of DoorInfo items matching the given tokens. An ONVIF-compliant device that provides Door Control service shall implement this method.

The device shall ignore tokens it cannot resolve and may return an empty list if there are no Doors matching specified tokens.

If the number of requested items is greater than MaxLimit, a TooManyItems fault shall be returned.

Table 3: GetDoorInfo command

1 11110 01 0012 00111110 001111111111			
GetDoorInfo	Access Class: READ_	SYSTEM	
Message name	Description		
	This message contains:  • "Token": Tokens of DoorInfo items to get.  pt:ReferenceToken Token [1][unbounded]		
	This message contains:  • "DoorInfo": List of DoorInfo items.  tdc:DoorInfo DoorInfo [0][unbounded]		
Fault codes	Description		
env:Sender ter:InvalidArgs ter:TooManyItems	oo many items were requested, see MaxLimit capa	ability.	

#### 5.3 Door status

The state of the door may be affected by a number of operations that can be performed on it depending on its capabilities: LockDoor, UnlockDoor, AccessDoor, BlockDoor, DoubleLockDoor, LockDownDoor, LockDownReleaseDoor, LockOpenDoor and LockOpenReleaseDoor.

## 5.3.1 Data Structures

### 5.3.1.1 DoorState

The DoorState structure contains current aggregate runtime status of Door.

The following fields are available:

#### DoorPhysicalState

Physical state of the Door; it is of type DoorPhysicalState. A device that signals support for DoorMonitor capability for a particular door instance shall provide this field.

## LockPhysicalState

Physical state of the Lock; it is of type LockPhysicalState. A device that signals support for LockMonitor capability for a particular door instance shall provide this field.

# • DoubleLockPhysicalState

Physical state of the DoubleLock; it is of type LockPhysicalState. A device that signals support for DoubleLockMonitor capability for a particular door instance shall provide this field.

# Alarm

Alarm state of the door; it is of type DoorAlarmState. A device that signals support for Alarm capability for a particular door instance shall provide this field.

#### Tamper

Tampering state of the door; it is of type DoorTamper. A device that signals support for Tamper capability for a particular door instance shall provide this field.

#### Fault

Fault information for door; it is of type DoorFault. A device that signals support for Fault capability for a particular door instance shall provide this field.

#### DoorMode

The logical operating mode of the door; it is of type DoorMode. An ONVIF compatible device shall report current operating mode in this field.

The following data types define states of DoorState elements.

## 5.3.1.2 Enumeration: DoorPhysicalState

The physical state of a Door. The following values are available:

#### Unknown

Value is currently unknown (possibly due to initialization or monitors not giving a conclusive result).

### Open

Door is open.

#### Closed

Door is closed.

#### Fault

Door monitor fault is detected.

## 5.3.1.3 Enumeration: LockPhysicalState

The physical state of a Lock (including Double Lock). The following values are available:

## Unknown

Value is currently not known.

#### Locked

Lock is activated.

#### Unlocked

Lock is not activated.

## • Fault

Lock fault is detected.

# 5.3.1.4 Enumeration: DoorAlarmState

Describes the state of a Door with regard to alarms. The following values are available:

#### Normal

No alarm.

# DoorForcedOpen

Door is forced open.

# DoorOpenTooLong

Door is held open too long.

# 5.3.1.5 DoorTamper

Tampering information for a Door. The following fields are available:

#### Reason

Optional field; Details describing tampering state change (e.g., reason, place and time).

NOTE: All fields (including this one) which are designed to give end-user prompts can be localized to the customer's native language.

#### State

State of the tamper detector; it is of type DoorTamperState.

### 5.3.1.6 Enumeration: DoorTamperState

Describes the state of a Tamper detector. The following values are available:

#### Unknown

Value is currently not known.

#### NotInTamper

No tampering is detected.

## TamperDetected

Tampering is detected.

#### 5.3.1.7 DoorFault

Fault information for a Door. This can be extended with optional attributes in the future. The following fields are available:

## Reason

Optional reason for fault.

## State

Overall fault state for the door; it is of type DoorFaultState. If there are any faults, the value shall be: FaultDetected. Details of the detected fault shall be found in the Reason field, and/or the various DoorState fields and/or in extensions to this structure.

It can be extended with optional attributes in the future.

#### 5.3.1.8 Enumeration: DoorFaultState

Describes the state of a Door fault. The following values are available:

#### Unknown

Fault state is unknown.

#### NotInFault

No fault is detected.

# FaultDetected

Fault is detected.

#### 5.3.1.9 Enumeration: DoorMode

DoorMode parameters describe current Door mode from a logical perspective.

The following values are available:

#### Unknown

The Door is in an Unknown state.

#### Locked

The Door is in a Locked state. In this mode the device shall provide momentary access using the AccessDoor method if supported by the Door instance.

#### Unlocked

The Door is in an Unlocked (Permanent Access) state. Alarms related to door timing operations such as open too long or forced are masked in this mode.

#### Accessed

The Door is in an Accessed state (momentary/temporary access). Alarms related to timing operations such as "door forced" are masked in this mode.

#### Blocked

The Door is in a Blocked state (Door is locked, and AccessDoor requests are ignored, i.e., it is not possible for door to go to Accessed state).

#### LockedDown

The Door is in a LockedDown state (Door is locked) until released using the LockDownReleaseDoor command. AccessDoor, LockDoor, UnlockDoor, BlockDoor, and LockOpenDoor requests are ignored, i.e., it is not possible for door to go to Accessed, Locked, Unlocked, Blocked or LockedOpen state.

## LockedOpen

The Door is in a LockedOpen state (Door is unlocked) until released using the LockOpenReleaseDoor command. AccessDoor, LockDoor, UnlockDoor, BlockDoor, and LockDownDoor requests are ignored, i.e., it is not possible for door to go to Accessed, Locked, Unlocked, Blocked or LockedDown state.

### DoubleLocked

The Door is in a Double Locked state - for doors with multiple locks. If the door does not have any DoubleLock, this shall be treated as a normal Locked mode. When changing to an Unlocked mode from the DoubleLocked mode, the door may first go to Locked state before unlocking.

# 5.3.2 GetDoorState command

This operation requests the state of a Door specified by the Token.

A device implementing the Door Control service shall be capable of reporting the status of a door using a DoorState structure available from the GetDoorState command.

Table 4 GetDoorState command

GetDoorState	Access Class: READ_SYSTEM_SENSITIVE
Message name	Description
GetDoorStateRequest	This message contains:  • "Token": Token of the Door instance to get the state for.  pt:ReferenceToken Token [1][1] (extendable)
GetDoorStateResponse	This message contains:

	"DoorState": The state of the door.  tdc:DoorState DoorState [1][1] (extendable)
Fault codes	Description
env:Sender ter:InvalidArgVal ter:NotFound	The specified token is not found.

## 5.4 Door control commands

The service control commands contain operations that allow modifying Door instances states and controlling Door instances of a device.

#### 5.4.1 AccessDoor command

This operation allows momentarily accessing a Door. It invokes the functionality typically used when a card holder presents a card to a card reader at the door and is granted access.

The DoorMode shall change to Accessed state. Please refer to Accessed mode in section 5.3.1 for more details.

The Door shall remain accessible for the defined time. When the time span elapses, the DoorMode shall change back to its previous state.

If the request cannot be fulfilled, a Failure fault shall be returned.

Please refer to section 5.3.1 for details about Door Modes restrictions.

A device that signals support for Access capability for a particular Door instance shall implement this method. A device that signals support for AccessTimingOverride capability for a particular Door instance shall also provide optional timing parameters (AccessTime, OpenTooLongTime and PreAlarmTime) when performing AccessDoor command.

The device shall take the best effort approach for parameters not supported, it must fallback to preconfigured time or limit the time to the closest supported time if the specified time is out of range.

Table 5 AccessDoor command

AccessDoor		Access Class: ACTUATE
Message name	Description	
AccessDoorRequest	<ul> <li>"UseExtend configured e configured e "AccessTim specified.</li> <li>"OpenTooLo OpenTooLo "PreAlarmTi if specified.</li> </ul>	ken of the Door instance to control. ledTime": Optional - Indicates that the extended time should be used. e": Optional - overrides AccessTime if ongTime": Optional - overrides ongTime if specified (DOTL). ime": Optional - overrides PreAlarmTime : Future extension.  Token [1][1] endedTime [0][1] Time [0][1]

	xs:duration PreAlarmTime [0][1] tdc:AccessDoorExtension Extension [0][1]	
AccessDoorResponse	This message is typically empty, but is extendable	
Fault codes	Description	
env:Sender ter:InvalidArgVal ter:NotFound	The specified token is not found.	
env:Receiver ter:Action ter:Failure	Failed to go to Accessed state and unlock the door.	

#### 5.4.2 LockDoor command

This operation allows locking a Door. The DoorMode shall change to Locked state. Please refer to Locked mode in section 5.3.1 for more details.

A device that signals support for Lock capability for a particular Door instance shall implement this method.

If the request cannot be fulfilled, a Failure fault shall be returned. Please refer to section 5.3.1 for more details about Door Modes restrictions.

Table 6 LockDoor command

LockDoor		Access Class: ACTUATE
Message name	Description	
LockDoorRequest	This message contains:  • "Token": Token of the Door instance to control.  pt:ReferenceToken Token [1][1] (extendable)	
LockDoorResponse	This message is typically empty, but is extendable	
Fault codes	Description	
env:Sender ter:InvalidArgVal ter:NotFound	The specified token	is not found.
env:Receiver ter:Action ter:Failure	Failed to go to Locke	ed state.

## 5.4.3 UnlockDoor command

This operation allows unlocking a Door. The DoorMode shall change to Unlocked state. Please refer to Unlocked mode in section 5.3.1 for more details.

A device that signals support for Unlock capability for a particular Door instance shall implement this method.

If the request cannot be fulfilled, a Failure fault shall be returned. Please refer to section 5.3.1 for more details about Door Modes restrictions.

**Table 7 UnlockDoor command** 

UnlockDoor	Access Class: ACTUATE
------------	-----------------------

Message name	Description	
UnlockDoorRequest	This message contains:	
	"Token": Token of the Door instance to control.	
	pt:ReferenceToken <b>Token [1][1]</b> (extendable)	
UnlockDoorResponse	This message is typically empty, but is extendable	
Fault codes	Description	
env:Sender ter:InvalidArgVal ter:NotFound	The specified token is not found.	
env:Receiver ter:Action ter:Failure	Failed to go to Unlocked state.	

#### 5.4.4 BlockDoor command

This operation allows blocking a Door and preventing momentary access (AccessDoor command). The DoorMode shall change to Blocked state. Please refer to Blocked mode in section 5.3.1 for more details.

A device that signals support for Block capability for a particular Door instance shall implement this method.

If the request cannot be fulfilled, a Failure fault shall be returned. Please refer to section 5.3.1 for more details about Door Modes restrictions.

**Table 8 BlockDoor command** 

10000 2000 201 001 11000			
BlockDoor		Access Class: ACTUATE	
Message name	Description		
BlockDoorRequest	This message contains:  • "Token": Token of the Door instance to control.  pt:ReferenceToken Token [1][1] (extendable)		
BlockDoorResponse	This message is typically empty, but is extendable		
Fault codes	Description		
env:Sender ter:InvalidArgVal ter:NotFound	The specified token	is not found.	
env:Receiver ter:Action ter:Failure	Failed to go to Block	sed state.	

#### 5.4.5 LockDownDoor command

This operation allows locking and preventing other actions until a LockDownRelease command is invoked. The DoorMode shall change to LockedDown state. Please refer to LockedDown mode in section 5.3.1 for more details.

The device shall ignore other door control commands until a LockDownRelease command is performed.

A device that signals support for LockDown capability for a particular Door instance shall implement this method.

If a device supports DoubleLock capability for a particular Door instance, that operation may be engaged as well.

If the request cannot be fulfilled, a Failure fault shall be returned. Please refer to section 5.3.1 for more details about Door Modes restrictions.

Table 9 LockDownDoor command

LockDownDoor		Access Class: ACTUATE	
Message name	Description		
	This message conta  "Token": Token  pt:ReferenceToken (extendable)	ken of the Door instance to control.	
LockDownDoorResponse	This message is typically empty, but is extendable		
Fault codes	Description		
env:Sender ter:InvalidArgVal ter:NotFound	The specified token	is not found.	
env:Receiver ter:Action ter:Failure	Failed to go to a Loc	skedDown state.	

# 5.4.6 LockDownReleaseDoor command

This operation allows releasing the LockedDown state of a Door. The DoorMode shall change back to its previous/next state. It is not defined what the previous/next state shall be, but typically - Locked.

This method shall only succeed if the current DoorMode is LockedDown.

Table 10 LockDownReleaseDoor command

LockDownReleaseDoor		Access Class: ACTUATE
Message name	Description	
LockDownReleaseDoorRequest	This message conta  Token": Token  pt:ReferenceToken (extendable)	ken of the Door instance to control.
LockDownReleaseDoorResponse	This message is typically empty, but is extendable	
Fault codes	Description	
env:Sender ter:InvalidArgVal ter:NotFound	The specified token	is not found.
env:Receiver	Failed to leave LockedDown state.	

ter:Action	
ter:Failure	

# 5.4.7 LockOpenDoor command

This operation allows unlocking a Door and preventing other actions until LockOpenRelease method is invoked. The DoorMode shall change to LockedOpen state. Please refer to LockedOpen mode in section 5.3.1 for more details.

The device shall ignore other door control commands until a LockOpenRelease command is performed.

A device that signals support for LockOpen capability for a particular Door instance shall implement this method

If the request cannot be fulfilled, a Failure fault shall be returned. Please refer to section 5.3.1 for more details about Door Modes restrictions.

Table 11 LockOpenDoor command

LockOpenDoor		Access Class: ACTUATE
Message name	Description	
LockOpenDoorRequest	This message conta • "Token": To pt:ReferenceToken" (extendable)	ken of the Door instance to control.
LockOpenDoorResponse	This message is typ	ically empty, but is extendable
Fault codes	Description	
env:Sender ter:InvalidArgVal ter:NotFound	The specified token	is not found.
env:Receiver ter:Action ter:Failure	Failed to go to Lock	edOpen state.

# 5.4.8 LockOpenReleaseDoor command

This operation allows releasing the LockedOpen state of a Door. The DoorMode shall change state from the LockedOpen state back to its previous/next state. It is not defined what the previous/next state shall be, but typically - Unlocked.

This method shall only succeed if the current DoorMode is LockedOpen.

Table 12 LockOpenReleaseDoor command

Table 12 Look openite lease book oo minana		
LockOpenReleaseDoor		Access Class: ACTUATE
Message name	Description	
LockOpenReleaseDoorRequest	This message contains:	
	• "Token": To	ken of the Door instance to control.
	pt:ReferenceToken	Token [1][1]

	(extendable)	
LockOpenReleaseDoorResponse	This message is typically empty, but is extendable	
Fault codes	Description	
env:Sender ter:InvalidArgVal ter:NotFound	The specified token is not found.	
env:Receiver ter:Action ter:Failure	Failed to leave LockedOpen state.	

#### 5.4.9 DoubleLockDoor command

This operation is used for securely locking a Door. A call to this method shall change DoorMode state to DoubleLocked. Please refer to DoubleLocked mode in section 5.3.1 for more details.

A device that signals support for DoubleLock capability for a particular Door instance shall implement this method. Otherwise this method can be performed as a standard Lock operation (see 5.4.2 LockDoor command).

If the door has an extra lock that shall be locked as well.

If the request cannot be fulfilled, a Failure fault shall be returned.

Table 13 DoubleLockDoor command

DoubleLockDoor		Access Class: ACTUATE
Message name	Description	
DoubleLockDoorRequest	This message conta  Token": Token  pt:ReferenceToken (extendable)	ken of the Door instance to control.
DoubleLockDoorResponse	This message is typically empty, but is extendable	
Fault codes	Description	
env:Sender ter:InvalidArgVal ter:NotFound	The specified token	is not found.
env:Receiver ter:Action ter:Failure	Failed to go to Doub	oleLocked state.

# 6 Notification Topics

This section defines notification topics specific to Door Control service.

Please refer to Access Control specification for generic operation guidelines and design principles behind ONVIF PACS services family.

## 6.1 Status changes

Whenever a door mode is changed, the device shall provide the following event:

A device that signals support for DoorMonitor capability for a particular door instance shall provide the following event whenever the physical state of this door is changed:

A device that signals support for LockMonitor capability for a particular door instance shall provide the following event whenever the physical state of this door's lock is changed:

A device that signals support for DoubleLockMonitor capability for a particular door instance shall provide the following event whenever the physical state of this door's secure lock is changed:

```
Topic: tns1:Door/State/DoubleLockPhysicalState

<tt:MessageDescription IsProperty="true">
        <tt:Source>
            <tt:SimpleItemDescription Name="DoorToken" Type="pt:ReferenceToken"/>
            </tt:Source>
            <tt:Data>
                 <tt:SimpleItemDescription Name="State" Type="tdc:LockPhysicalState"/>
                  </tt:Data>
                  </tt:Data>
                  </tt:MessageDescription>
```

A device that signals support for Alarm capability for a particular door instance shall provide the following event whenever the alarm state of this door is changed:

A device that signals support for Tamper capability for a particular door instance shall provide the following event whenever the tamper state of this door is changed:

A device that signals support for Fault capability for a particular door instance shall provide the following event whenever the fault state of this door is changed:

The Reason element may be empty or absent. The device may also skip it unless the fault state is FaultDetected.

#### 6.2 Configuration changes

Whenever configuration data for a Door is changed or a Door is added, the device shall provide the following event:

```
Topic: tns1:Configuration/Door/Changed

<tt:MessageDescription IsProperty="false">
        <tt:Source>
            <tt:SimpleItemDescription Name="DoorToken" Type="pt:ReferenceToken"/>
            </tt:Source>
            </tt:MessageDescription>
```

Whenever a Door is removed, the device shall provide the following event:

```
Topic: tns1:Configuration/Door/Removed

<tt:MessageDescription IsProperty="false">
        <tt:Source>
        <tt:SimpleItemDescription Name="DoorToken" Type="pt:ReferenceToken"/>
        </tt:Source>

</tt:MessageDescription>
```

# **Annex A. Revision History**

Rev.	Date	Editor	Changes
1.0	Apr-2013	Yuri Timenkov	First Version
1.01	Aug-2013	Hans Busch	Change Request 1053